

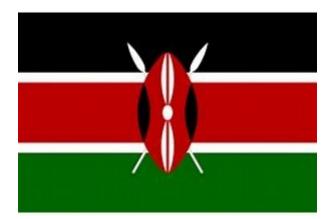
Embassy of Switzerland in Kenya



Version of the Business Travel Guide: December 2024

Country: Kenya

Business Travel Guide



Compiled by:

Trade Section, Embassy of Switzerland

Nairobi, December 2024

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Useful Contacts

Swiss Business Hub Southern & Eastern Africa (SHSHA)

The SBSHA is a local representative of Switzerland Global Enterprise (S-GE) and supports Swiss SMEs in their international business in Southern and Eastern Africa.

https://www.s-ge.com/

Swiss Business Africa Circle (SABC)

The Swiss-African Business Circle (SABC) is the leading independent association promoting business contacts and links between Switzerland and Africa. It provides its members with an influential network and a unique platform dedicated to the exchange of expertise, experience, projects and ideas, thereby fostering partnerships and opening new business perspectives. In doing so, the association advocates for Africa as an important business destination amongst the Swiss business community.

https://sabc.ch/

Embassy of Switzerland

As the official representation of Switzerland, the Embassy covers all matters concerning diplomatic relations between Switzerland and Kenya, as well as Switzerland and Rwanda, Somalia and Uganda. It represents Swiss interests in the areas of political, economic and financial affairs, science, education and culture. It delivers consular services to citizens of Switzerland and other countries. It implements the cooperation strategy for the Horn of Africa.

In order to fulfill these tasks, the Embassy operates in four Divisions. Find out more about the work of each one of them.

https://www.eda.admin.ch/nairobi

1. ENTRY TO KENYA: VISAS AND PERMITS

a. Visa Administration

Swiss nationals visiting the Republic of Kenya must apply for an Electronic Travel Authorisation (ETA). It is important to note that all visitors including infants and children who intend to travel to the Republic of Kenya must have an approved ETA **before** the start of their journey Further details can be found here:

https://www.etakenya.go.ke/

https://www.kcaa.or.ke/sites/default/files/publication/visa free regime in kenya.pdf

b. Foreign National Certificate / Alien Card

An entry permit will not allow the holder to remain in Kenya for more than three months. It is mandatory that a permit holder obtains an alien certificate, which is similar to the national identification card issued to Kenyan citizens. The card identifies the holder of a permit as an alien and bears the holder's physical address. However, an alien card does not entitle the holder to conduct business for which purpose a special pass or work permit is required.

More details are available here:

https://immigration.go.ke/issuance-of-foreign-nationals-certificate-alien-card/

c. Special Pass

As work permits take time (at least three to four months), an investor can apply for a special pass to commence operations in Kenya. A special pass is issued to foreign nationals who wish to enter Kenya or remain in Kenya for:

- Applying for a permit or pass
- Temporarily conducting business, trade or profession in Kenya
- Possibility of reapplying for the special pass for a further three months.

More details may be found here:

https://immigration.go.ke/work-permits-passes/kenya-special-pass/

d. Work Permits and Passes

When applying for a work permit in Kenya, it is important to choose the correct pathway for your needs. There are several classifications of work permits in the country.

More details are available here:

http://immigration.go.ke/work-permits-passes/

e. Permanent Residence and Citizenship Services

The process of acquiring a Permanent Residence is by way of an online application. More details may be found here:

https://immigration.go.ke/permanent-residence

Permanent Residence is provided for under Section 37, 38 and 39 of the Kenya Citizenship and Immigration Act, 2011. There are two categories of Citizenship by registration:

Those who are entitled for example:

Regaining, Citizenship by marriage, Child of a Kenyan citizen by registration, and Child adopted by a Kenyan citizen.

• Those who are eligible for example:

Widows/Widowers, Lawful Resident, Stateless Persons, Migrants, Descendants of stateless Persons and Migrants

f. Swiss Tourists/Business Persons visiting Kenya

Kindly register your temporary stay in Kenya through this Travel Admin-App (see picture below). In the App you can introduce your travel details and travel advices countries. In case of a crisis at your place of stay, your registration helps the Embassy/DFAE to easily locate and contact you.

A factsheet for the Travel Admin-App can be downloaded here: https://www.eda.admin.ch/content/dam/eda/en/documents/vertretungen-reisehinweise/TravelAdmin Factsheet EN.pdf





g. Registration at the Embassy for Swiss with permanent residence

Swiss nationals can register themselves online through the following online link: https://www.eda.admin.ch/countries/usa/en/home/services/online-desk.html

2. STAY IN KENYA

a. Security:

See travel advice (available in German, French and Italian): https://www.eda.admin.ch/eda/en/fdfa/representations-and-travel-advice/kenya/travel-advice-kenya.html

b. Weather

Although Kenya is centered at the equator, it shares the seasons of the Southern Hemisphere so when it is winter in Europe (November to February), it is summer in Kenya. Because of the proximity to the equator, it is not necessary to heat even in the Kenyan winter in Nairobi (at around 1800 m.a.s.l.). The rainy seasons in Kenya generally occur during March to May ("Long Rains") and October to December ("Short Rains"). The exact timing and intensity can vary depending on the year and location within Kenya. In 2024, Kenya experienced severe flooding during its long rains season.

More details are available here: https://meteo.go.ke/

c. Time Zones

Switzerland time Zone: UTC +02:00 or CEST Kenya time Zone: UTC +03:00 or EAT Same time zone is used all over the country

d. Electricity Supply



The voltage in Kenya is 240 V with a frequency of 50 Hz and the power plugs and sockets are of type G.

One can use your electric appliances in Kenya, if the standard voltage in your country is in between 220 - 240 V (as is in the UK, Europe, Australia and most of Asia and Africa). Manufacturers take these small deviations into account. If the standard voltage in your country is in the range of 100 V - 127 V (as is in the US, Canada and most South American countries), you need a voltage converter in Kenya. You can also consider a combined power plug adapter/voltage converter.

In Kenya electricity supply is mostly generated by renewable sources with the majority coming from geothermal power and hydro-electricity.

e. Dress code (Business attire) and manners

Business attire:

Smart and Smart/Casual.

The dress code is much less formal in the Startup scene.

Building trust and personal relationships:

Kenyan buyers appreciate quality and service and, if justified, are willing to pay a premium if they are convinced of a product's overall superiority.

Scheduling Meetings: The use of first names at an early stage of a business relationship is acceptable. The principles of customary business courtesy, especially replying promptly to requests for price quotations and orders, are a prerequisite for exporting success.

f. Accommodation

Licensed hotels and other licensed accommodation in any city can be found here:

https://www.tourismauthority.go.ke/list-of-licensed-facilities/

g. Office space

Information may be obtained from:

http://www.invest.go.ke/one-stop-center/

h. Communication

Kenya's country code is: +254

A local SIM card can be bought at: Jomo Kenyatta International Airport (JKIA) and official retail stores of one of the mobile internet providers which include, Safaricom, Airtel, Faiba and Telkom. Every prepaid sim card needs to be registered on your name so you need to bring your passport when buying a sim card in Kenya. The process is easy and fast and should not take more than 5 minutes.

The 4G network of Telkom and Faiba are modest. Safaricom has since expanded its 5G connectivity to select communities across 35 counties as of November 2023.

i. Business hours

	Weekdays	Saturdays	Sundays/National Holidays
Government offices	09:00-17:00	closed	closed
Banks	08:30-16:30	09:00-13:00 (depends on banking institution)	depends on banking institution
Shops	Free to determine their times	open	open

j. Public holidays

Name	Date
New Year's Day	1 January
Good Friday	Not fixed
Easter Monday	Not fixed
Labor Day	1 May
Eid al Fitr	Not fixed
Madaraka Day	1 June
Eid ul Adha	Not fixed
Moi Day	10 October
Huduma Day	1 October
Mashujaa Day	20 October
Jamhuri Day	12 December
Christmas Day	25 December
Boxing Day	26 December

k. Public security

You must carry a form of ID with you at all times. A copy of your passport is normally acceptable, but recently some police officers have been insisting on the original documents.

I. Health requirements

Mandatory and recommended vaccinations: Details are available on https://www.health.go.ke/

Mandatory medical insurance: Health insurance is **not mandatory** in Kenya but is highly encouraged.

Other mandatory health requirements: Travelers should be up to date with routine vaccination courses and boosters <u>recommended in Switzerland</u>. These vaccinations include for example measles-mumpsrubella (MMR) vaccine and diphtheria-tetanus-polio vaccine.

COVID-19 Requirements

Please check the link below for update information:

https://www.kcaa.or.ke/covid-19/covid-19-travel-requirements

Air travel to Kenya and local transportation

From Switzerland, Kenya can be reached by flight. There are no direct flights at the moment.

In Kenya, the most commonly used kind of transport are buses (also known as 'matatus'), 'boda-bodas' and taxis. 'Matatus' and 'boda-bodas' could be dangerous (in terms of road traffic accidents or security issues). The quality of licensed taxis is good. It is recommended to get a taxi from the various taxi companies with an office outside arrivals at the Jomo Kenyatta International Airport (JKIA). These services are also available for daily hire in most large towns and cities. Ride sharing services such as Uber are available in major cities.

Main taxi operators are (the list is not exhaustive)

Name	URL Link	
UBER https://www.uber.com/ke/en/		
JIMCAB Services	https://jimcabservices.business.site/	
ABSOLUTE TAXI	https://absolutecabs.co.ke/	
Taxi BOLT	https://bolt-taxi.com/en/	

m. National Trade Fair Calendar

Dates of the main trade fairs are available from the following sources:

Name	URL Link
Kenyatta International Convention Centre (KICC)	https://kicc.co.ke
Sarit Expo Centre	https://saritexpo.com

n. Important Phone numbers

Authorities	Contact

39
50
ue)
140)

3. BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES AND RISKS

Kindly reach out to the Embassy, the Swiss Business Hub Southern Africa or the Swiss African Business Cycle for further information about Business Opportunities and Risks in Kenya.

a. Opportunities

- Geographic position, two ports, an international airport in Nairobi
- Kenya is considered as a regional economic powerhouse and a lower middle income country
- Kenya is the 3rd largest economy in Sub-Saharan Africa and is the logistics hub of choice
- Kenya's youthful, english-speaking and tech-savy demographic forms a valuable resource for the commodity trading industry
- Kenya is open for business to well-positioned companies with strategic objectives of tapping into the growing potential of emerging markets in East and Central Africa.
- Kenya's role in the 'Africa rising' narrative further strengthens its position as a global trading center for the continent

Kenya has one of the most vibrant capital markets in Africa.

 Massive investments in recent years in infrastructure opening up new opportunities for regional trade (construction of roads, expansion of the Mombasa-Nairobi railroad, construction of the port of Lamu)

- Large number of people in urban areas still live in informal housing. Investments by the government in social housing construction is expected.
- Kenya is an innovative country and is also referred to as 'Silicon Savannah'
- Kenya guarantees capital repatriation and remittance of dividends and interest to foreign investors
- The population is very open to technology, also financial technology (Fintech), as evidenced by the revenue figures of mobile transactions (smart phone penetration), led by the mobile money platform M-Pesa https://www.s-ge.com/en/publication/fact-sheet/2022-e-fint-kenya-c6-factsheet-overview
- English is widely spoken in business, schools and government. This has allowed for ease in communication with foreign firms and entrepreneurs
- Liberal ideas have characterized Kenya since its founding. The country is committed to economic openness and promoted regional integration, especially within the framework of the East African Community (EAC)
- A lot of foreign companies use Kenya as its business hub for East Africa or even a bigger region
- Kenya has a strong private sector which is the backbone of the economy
- The Government of Kenya is moving forward to establish Special Economic Zones (SEZs) to attract further investment in the industrial production sector
- Domestic population of approx. 55.1 m with a median age of 19.85 years. Due to its demographic development, Kenya has many young and mostly well-trained workersKenya has an interest in, concluding free trade agreements and promoting regional integration in order to secure preferential market access as a middle income state to secure preferential market access
- Nairobi is the 3rd in Africa for eco startup systems
- Kenya is a key member of regional bodies such as the East African Community (EAC) and the Africa Continental Free Trade Area (AfCFTA)

b. Risks

- Corruption is widespread in Kenya and according to Business operating in Kenya still a challenging issue, Kenya scored 31 in the Corruption Perceptions Index as of 2023. Out of 180 evaluated countries, Kenya ranked at 127. Compared to 2022, the country's score slightly decreased and remained below the flawed democratic countries average (48 points).
- Limitations on infrastructure
- Big informal sector
- Bureaucracy
- Counterfeiting
- Currency instability (due to trade imbalance) and high debt
 - c. Investment opportunities for Swiss companies, start-ups

Some of the potential opportunities that exist for Swiss innovation, SME's and companies are:

- Kenya is a leader in renewable energy in Africa. Renewable Energy and clean technology (incl. circular economy e.g. Waste Management) are particularly promising sectors as the country has extensive resources for solar, hydro, wind and geothermal
- Agro tech is emerging strongly; with rising food security due to climate change, as well as rising
 prices, innovation in the agriculture sector is central to increasing productivity
- Financial technology and BlockChain; Kenya has become a magnet for financial services companies seeking a hub for a large share of the African market. In this regard, it is important to mention the Sandbox Program, launched in March 2019 by the Capital Markets Authority, which allows domestic and foreign Fintech companies to test their innovative product or service in the market for 12 months. This program facilitates market entry, however exemptions from taxes or licenses are not provided

More details are available here:

https://www.s-ge.com/en/publication/country-information/kenya-market-information

4. REGISTER A COMPANY AND TAXATION

a. Starting a business

The Register of Companies which is a department of the Attorney General's office is responsible for business registrations in Kenya. He/she issues certificates of compliance for foreign companies, certificates of incorporation for local companies and certificates of registration for sole proprietorship and partnerships.

Further details are available: https://www.invest.go.ke/investment-guide/starting-a-business//

Business Registration Services https://brs.go.ke/

b. Company forms

Details are available: https://eregulations.invest.go.ke/

c. Corporate Tax

The corporate tax year is based on the calendar year. However, companies may under Section 27 of the Income Tax Act and with prior approval of the Commissioner, vary their accounting year.

Corporate tax rate: https://www.invest.go.ke/business-environment/corporate-tax/

Further details are available: http://www.invest.go.ke/starting-a-business-in-kenya/

d. Value Added Tax (VAT)

Any person, individual, company or partnership that has supplied or expect to supply taxable goods above a defined threshold must register for VAT. Registration is done online via; https://itax.kra.go.ke/KRA-Portal/

Once registered, you will be required to account for VAT charged on your taxable supplies through online monthly returns and pay any VAT due. In Kenya, there are currently three rates of VAT: standard rated at 16%, zero-rated, and exempt.

0% Zero rates supplies. Goods listed in the 2^{nd} Schedule to the VAT Act. E.g. Exportation of goods/services, goods supplied to EPZ, privileged persons and public bodies etc.

8% Petroleum Oils and 16% – General rates for other goods and services.

e. Other import licenses for doing business in Kenya

 Kenya has a pre-shipment inspection requirement known as the Pre-Shipment Verification of Conformity or PVOC, further details of this are available here: https://www.kebs.org/. Exports to Kenya must also obtain an additional Import Standards Mark (ISM), which must be affixed to a list of sensitive imported products sold in Kenya. All goods coming into Kenya require to have; Import Declaration Forms (IDF); a Certificate of Conformity (CoC) from the PVoC agent for regulated products and valid pro forma invoices from the exporting company

Further details are available here: https://eregulations.invest.go.ke/

f. Online publications from Kenya Revenue Authority (KRA)

An important department known as the Customs & Border Control Department (C&BC) within Kenya Revenue Authority (KRA) https://www.kra.go.ke/, has disseminated two online publications, which are valuable for foreign investors. Details of these are:

Customs handbook

https://www.kra.go.ke/images/publications/KRA-Passenger-Handbook.pdf

2. Customs and Border control

https://kra.go.ke/images/publications/Customs%20and%20border%20control%20department%20brochure.pdf

g. Import of samples and catalogues

Samples and exhibits/display for trade fairs may be imported into the country duty-free. It is a customs department requirement, however, that such items are re-exported or certified destroyed by a customs certification officer after use. An importing firm that fails to meet these requirements will be charged import duties and value-added taxes on the presumed value of the items.

More details are available here:

https://kra.go.ke/

5. BANKING SYSTEM

a. Overview

In Kenya, the banking industry is governed by the Companies Act, the Banking Act, the Central Bank of Kenya Act and the prudential guidelines issued by the Central Bank of Kenya (CBK).

Over the last few years this sector has grown immensely and is well-functioning.

National currency in Kenya is the Shilling (KES)

b. Methods of Payment

- There are ATMs throughout Kenya. Credit cards (Visa, Master card and American Express) are accepted by most of the merchants and at the hotels
- When entering or leaving the country with USD 10,000 or more in cash or other monetary instruments, the money must be declared in writing to the Kenya Revenue Authority (KRA)
- Non-residents may export local and foreign currency without restrictions. However, for amounts equivalent to USD 5,000.- and more residents and non-residents need to hold documents indicating the source and the purpose of this amount
- M-PESA is a banking feature that uses the USSD feature on a sim card. Once the sim of your mobile operator has been inserted into your mobile device you are ready to start using the service

More details on this mode of payment which is accepted everywhere in Kenya is available here:

https://mpesaguide.com/

The M-PESA brand application is globally accessible

Acceptance of methods of payment:

	everywhere	almost everywhere	limited	not accepted
Cash (national currency)				
Cash (USD)			\boxtimes	
MasterCard		\boxtimes		
Visa				
American Express		\boxtimes		
Diner			\boxtimes	
Apple Pay			\boxtimes	
Google/Samsung Pay			\boxtimes	
M-PESA				
Airtel Money				

c. Banks (Commercial and Foreign)

- The Central Bank of Kenya (CBK) is responsible for formulating and implementing monetary
 policy and fostering the liquidity, solvency and proper functioning of the financial system.
 Furthermore, it is regulator and licensing authority.
- According to CBK for the financial year ended 30 June 2020, Kenya had 39 commercial banks.
 Among the financial institutions with permission to operate in the country, the majority were local private banks (20). The country had other 17 foreign institutions and two local public banks as of the same year.
- The biggest 4 Kenyan banks are:
 - Kenya Commercial Bank KCB Bank Kenya https://ke.kcbgroup.com/
 - 2. Equity Group Holdings https://equitygroupholdings.com
 - 3. The Co-operative Bank of Kenya https://www.co-opbank.co.ke/
 - 4. NCBA https://ke.ncbagroup.com/
- Habib Bank AG Zurich is the only Swiss Bank which is present in Kenya. Their address is:

Habib House, Koinange Street P.O. Box 30584-00100, Nairobi, Kenya Url: www.habibbank.com

Today, the operation has four branches, three of which are in Nairobi and one is in Mombasa.

d. Opening a Bank account in Kenya

Foreign investors wishing to invest in Kenya can open bank accounts, which can be either in foreign or Kenyan currency. A foreign currency account is availed upon request by the applicant and helps cushion the customer from currency fluctuation (forex controls and expatriation of funds inter-alia).

6. TRADE AGREEMENTS

a. Overview

Kenya has built both strong bilateral and multilateral trade relationships / frameworks;

1. East African Community, EAC

https://www.eac.int/

2. Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa, COMESA

https://www.comesa.int/

3. Was the third country to ratify the Africa Continental Free Trade Area, AfCFTA

https://au-afcfta.org

4. ACP/Cotonou Partnership Agreement

http://www.acp.int/

5. Generalized System of Preferences (GSP)

Under GSP, a wide range of Kenya's manufactured products are entitled to preferential duty treatment in the Australia, Austria, Canada, Finland, Japan, New Zealand, Norway, Sweden, Switzerland, other European countries, and the United States

6. UK-Kenya Economic Partnership Agreement (UK-Kenya EPA)

https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/uk-kenya-economic-partnership-agreement

7. Kenya and the WTO

Kenya has been a WTO member since 1 January 1995 and a member of GATT since 5 February 1964

https://www.wto.org/english/thewto_e/countries_e/kenya_e.htm

8. EU-KENYA Economic Partnership Agreement (EPA)
On 1 July 2024, the EU-Kenya EPA has entered into force.

b. Bilateral Legal Framework:

A bilateral investment protection agreement between Switzerland and Kenya has been in force since

2006: https://www.fedlex.admin.ch/eli/cc/2009/525/de

In November 2024, during the visit of the State Secretary for Innovation, Research and Innovation, Martina Hirayama, a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) between Switzerland and Kenya was signed. It will facilitate a stronger cooperation between universities and research institutes from both countries

7. USEFUL LOCAL WEBSITES, ADDRESSES, EMAILS/ NUMBERS

Name Url Link Emails/Twitter Handles

Business news	https://nation.africa https://www.businessdailyafrica.com https://www.standardmedia.co.ke	bdnewsdesk@nation.co.ke Follow @NationMediaGrp corporate@standardmedia.co.ke Follow @Standard Media
Customs hotline (KRA)	https://www.kra.go.ke/	callcentre@kra.go.ke Follow @KRACare
Kenya Bureau of Standards (KEBS)	https://www.kebs.org/	info@kebs.org Follow @KEBS_ke
Anti-Counterfeit Authority	https://www.aca.go.ke/	info@aca.go.ke
Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Diaspora Affairs (MFDA)	https://mfa.go.ke	info@mfa.go.ke Follow @ForeignOfficeKE
Ministry of Investments,Trade & Industry	www.investmentpromotion.go.ke	ps.trade@trade.go.ke Follow @Trade_Kenya
Ministry of Industrialization, Trade and Enterprise Development (MITI)	https://www.industrialization.go.ke/	ps@industrialization.go.ke cs@industrialization.go.ke Follow @MinistryofIT
Ministry of Energy and Petroleum	https://energy.go.ke/	info@energy.go.ke Follow @EnergyMinK
Kenya Investment Authority (KenInvest)	http://www.invest.go.ke/ One Stop Centre http://www.invest.go.ke/one-stop- center/	inquire@invest.go.ke Follow @KenInvest
eOPPORTUNITIES KENYA	https://opportunities.invest.go.ke/	info@invest.go.ke
Kenya Export Promotion & Branding Agency (KEPROBA)	www.brandke	enquiries@brand.ke Follow @MakeItKenya
Kenya National Innovation Agency (KENIA)	https://www.innovationagency.go.ke	info@innovationagency.go.ke Follow @KENIAupdates

Kenya National Bureau of Statistics (KNBS)	https://www.knbs.or.ke/	directorgeneral@knbs.or.ke
Konza Technology City	https://konza.go.ke/	konza@konza.go.ke Follow @KonzaTech
Kenya Ports Authority (KPA)	https://www.kpa.co.ke/	ca@kpa.co.ke Follow @Kenya_Ports
Central Bank of Kenya (CBK)	https://www.centralbank.go.ke/	comms@centralbank.go.ke Follow @CBKKenya
Nairobi International Finance Centre (NIFC)	https://nifc.ke	info@nifc.ke Follow @NifcAfrica
Ministry of Interior and Coordination of National Government	https://immigration.go.ke	Follow @immigrationdept.
Special Economic Zones Authority (SEZA)	https://sezauthority.go.ke/	alerts@sezauthority.go.ke Follow @SEZAuthority_ke
The National Treasury	https://www.treasury.go.ke/	info@treasury.go.ke Follow @KenyaTreasury
Export Processing Zone Authority (EPZA)	https://epzakenya.com/	info@epzakenya.com Follow @epzakenya
Law Society of Kenya	http://online.lsk.or.ke	Follow @lawsocietykenya
Anjarwalla & Khanna (ALN Kenya)	https://aln.africa/	info@aln.africa Follow @alnafrica
Institute of Certified Public Accountants of Kenya (ICPAK)	https://www.icpak.com/	Follow @ICPAK
Habib Bank AG Zurich	www.habibbank.com	infoke@habibbank.com

Kenya High Commission in Bern	https://kenyaembassy-bern.ch/	info@kenyaembassy-bern.ch
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Priority Divisions for Swiss companies

Name	Details
Renewable Energy and Clean Technology	Kenya Renewable Energy Association (KEREA) http://web.kerea.org Kenya_Climate Innovation Center https://www.kenyacic.org
Financial Technology	Capital Markets Authority (CMA) https://www.cma.or.ke Central Bank of Kenya (CBK) www.centralbank.go.ke
Medical Technology (Med-tech)	Pharmacy and Poisons Board, Ministry of Health www.pharmacyboardkenya.org Medical Technology Industry Association of Kenya http://medak.or.ke/

8. ADDRESSES OF EMBASSY AND CONSULATES OF SWITZERLAND

Embassy of Switzerland

Rosslyn Green Estate, Rosslyn Green Drive, off Redhill Road P.O. Box 2600, 00621, Nairobi, Kenya

Phone: +254 730 694 000 Email: nairobi@eda.admin.ch

Url: https://www.eda.admin.ch/nairobi

Contact Persons:

Steve Tharakan Deputy Head of Mission and Economic / Trade Counsellor

Embassy of Switzerland, Nairobi Email: steve.tharakan@eda.admin.ch

Swiss Business Hub Southern & Eastern Africa

c/o Embassy of Switzerland P.O. Box 2508 Brooklyn Square 0075 South Africa Email: pretoria@eda.admin.ch

https://www.eda.admin.ch/countries/southafrica/en/home/representations/embassy/swissbusiness-hub.html

Switzerland Global Enterprise (S-GE)

Switzerland Global Enterprise Stampfenbachstrasse 85 – CH-8006 Zürich T +41 44 365 51 51 - www.s-ge.com

Swiss African Business Circle (SABC)

c/o rainbow unlimited

Neuengasse 21, CH-3011 Bern Email: info@sabc.ch www.sabc.ch

Swiss-African Chamber of Commerce (SwissCham, Basel)

Steinengraben 79 CH 4051 Basel Email: a.schweizer@swisscham-africa.ch

9. ADDRESSES NATIONAL AND LOCAL CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE

- a) Kenya National Chamber of Commerce and Industry; https://www.kenyachamber.or.ke info@kenyachamber.or.ke
- b) Kenya Private Sector Alliance (KEPSA); https://kepsa.or.ke/
- c) Kenya Association of Manufacturers (KAM); https://kam.co.ke/

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